

Claims

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1. An anti-microbial composition comprising:

(i) a C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid, present at a level of at least 25% by weight of the total composition (excluding any volatile propellant present);

10 (ii) an iron (III) chelator having an iron (III) binding constant of 10<sup>23</sup> or greater;

(iii) a solubility promoter selected from the group consisting of:

15 (a) water;

(b) an organic amine;

(c) a polyhydric alcohol or derivative thereof;

(d) a volatile propellant having fluorine-carbon or oxygen-carbon bonds;

(e) any combination of (a) to (d).

20 2. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 1, that is a deodorant composition for use on the human body or on apparel worn in close proximity thereto.

25 3. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 1 or 2, that is a homogeneous solution.

4. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 3, that is a homogeneous solution in aqueous ethanol.

30 5. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the weight ratio of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid to water is greater than 65:35.

6. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the weight ratio of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid to water is greater than 75:25 and the solubility promoter comprises an organic amine.

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7. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 6, wherein the organic amine is present at a level sufficient to neutralise at least 60% of any acid groups

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on the iron (III) chelator.

8. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 6 or 7, wherein the organic amine is present at a level sufficient to lead to an aqueous solution of the chelator salt having a pH of between 6 and 8 (at a molar concentration of chelator salt equal to that present in the composition).

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9. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the iron (III) chelator has a binding coefficient for iron (III) of greater than 10<sup>26</sup>.

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10. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the iron (III) chelator is a polyaminocarboxylic acid or salt thereof.

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11. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the iron (III) chelator has an acid form with at least five ionisable acid groups.

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12. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 10, wherein the iron (III) chelator is diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid or a salt thereof.

5 13. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the chelator is present at a concentration of 0.01% to 10% by weight of the composition, excluding any volatile propellant present.

10 14. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, comprising an additional anti-microbial agent.

15 15. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 14 wherein the additional anti-microbial agent is a cationic bactericide.

16. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, comprising fragrance material at up to 4% by weight of the composition, excluding any volatile propellant present.

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25 17. An anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claims, that comprises a volatile propellant.

18. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 17, wherein the volatile propellant comprises from 30 to 99% by weight of the total composition.

30 19. An anti-microbial composition according to claim 18, that comprises greater than 40% by weight of volatile propellant and a solubility promoter selected from the group comprising:

- (a) an organic amine free of any N-H bonds and/or O-H bonds;
- (b) an organic amine and a polyhydric alcohol or derivative thereof;
- 5 (c) an organic amine and a volatile propellant having fluorine-carbon or oxygen-carbon bonds.

20. An anti-microbial composition according to any of claims

10 17 to 19, wherein the weight ratio of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid to water is between 95:5 and 99:1.

21. An anti-microbial composition according to any of claims

15 17 to 19, wherein the weight ratio of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid to water is greater than 99:1.

22. A method of controlling microbial numbers, said method

20 comprising the application to a substrate of an anti-microbial composition according to any of the preceding claim.

23. A cosmetic method of inhibiting the generation of

25 malodour comprising the topical application to the human body or to apparel worn in close proximity thereto of a composition according any one of claims 2 to 21.

24. A cosmetic method of delivering enhanced fragrance

30 intensity comprising the topical application to the human body or to apparel worn in close proximity thereto of a composition according any one of claims 2 to 21 that also comprises a fragrance material.

25. A method for the manufacture of an anti-microbial composition, said method comprising the formation of a solution of an iron (III) chelator having an iron (III) binding constant of  $10^{23}$  or greater in a C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid, present at a level of at least 25% by weight of the total composition (excluding any volatile propellant present), and also comprising a solubility promoter selected from the group consisting of:

10 (a) water;  
(b) an organic amine;  
(c) a polyhydric alcohol or derivative thereof;  
(d) a volatile propellant having fluorine-carbon or oxygen-carbon bonds;  
15 (d) any combination of (a) to (d).

26. A method for the manufacture of an anti-microbial composition according to claim 25, comprising the addition of the chelator and an organic amine to water to form an aqueous solution, followed by dilution with the C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> monohydric alcohol carrier fluid to form an aqueous alcohol solution, optionally followed by pressurisation with a liquified volatile propellant.

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